



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Supergloss

## SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name:** Supergloss

**Synonym(s):** Hydrocarbon/silicone blend

**Product code(s):** AD-SG

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**General use:** Dressing and protectant for tires, rubber, vinyl, leather and plastic products

**Uses advised against:** None specified

### 1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer/Distributor

AIM Chemicals, Inc.

P.O. Box 876

Buford, GA 30515 USA

+1-833-239-7347 (toll free); +1-770-945-2303

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC, +1-800-424-9300

## SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

**Product definition:** Mixture

**Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008**

Aspiration hazard - Category 1 [H304]

Acute toxicity, inhalation - Category 4 [H332]

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard symbol(s):**



GHS07



GHS08

**Signal word:** **Danger**

**Hazard statement(s):** H304- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

#### Precautionary statements

##### [Prevention]

P261 - Avoid breathing mist or vapor.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

##### [Response]

P301 + P331 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

##### [Storage]

P405 - Store locked up.

##### [Disposal]

P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2 Mixtures

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
-----	Mineral oil	8042-47-5	232-455-8	-----	H304
-----	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Proprietary	-----	-----	H227, H304

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with the applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

**Skin:** Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential health symptoms and effects

**Eyes:** May cause eye irritation with redness, itching and discomfort. Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

**Skin:** May cause skin irritation with localized redness, itching and discomfort. Prolonged contact with unprotected skin may cause defatting of the skin or dermatitis.

**Inhalation:** May cause respiratory irritation. May cause headache, cough and shortness of breath. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, anesthesia, unconsciousness and possible death. May be harmful if inhaled.

**Ingestion:** Causes irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression with headache, excitement, dizziness, drowsiness, fatigue, nausea, stupor, unconsciousness and coma. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting causing lung inflammation and chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal. Symptoms of aspiration into the lungs include coughing, gasping, choking, shortness of breath, bluish colored skin, rapid breathing and rapid heart rate.

**Chronic:** Individuals with pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin, dermatitis or aggravate existing skin conditions. Chronic inhalation may damage the central nervous system with symptoms parallel to those of acute inhalation. Impaired central nervous system functions from pre-existing disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to light petroleum products with irreversible brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Administration of adsorbents such as activated charcoal may be of value. Gastric lavage may be effective when performed by a physician within 4 hours of ingestion. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting.

## SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable methods of extinction:** Use extinguishing media such as water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam and dry chemical.

**Unsuitable methods of extinction:** Water jets or streams may spread the fire.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid at high temperatures. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

**Explosion hazards:** Avoid sources of ignition. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air, especially in confined spaces.

### 5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. *Be aware that burning liquids may float on water.* Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

## SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spill creates a slip hazard.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Approach spill from upwind direction. DO NOT FLUSH SPILL DOWN THE DRAIN. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal in accordance with local regulations.

Petroleum distillates and mineral oils are classified as oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and under the Oil Pollution Act (OPA). In the USA discharges or spills of material on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Keep from freezing. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residue. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder grind or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

## 7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

# SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
8042-47-5	White mineral oil ( <i>mist</i> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA; 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 2,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IDHL
Proprietary	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	100 ppm; 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	-----	-----

A "skin" notation following the inhalation exposure guideline refers to the potential for dermal absorption of the material, including eyes and mucous membranes, either by direct contact with vapors or by direct skin contact. It is intended to alert the reader that inhalation may not be the only route of exposure and that measures to minimize dermal exposure should be considered.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

**Individual protection measures:** Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

**Hygiene measures:** Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

**Eye/face protection:** Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or chemical splash goggles during use.

**Hand protection:** Wear gloves made of Nitrile rubber, neoprene or those recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

**Skin protection:** Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

**Respiratory protection:** Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use

respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

**Environmental exposure controls:** Do not empty into drains.

*PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.*



## SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear, red liquid
<b>Odor</b>	Scented, grape
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No data available
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Not applicable
<b>Chemical Formula</b>	Not applicable
<b>pH</b>	No data available
<b>Freezing/Melting Point</b>	No data available
<b>Initial Boiling Point</b>	234 °C (453.2 °F)
<b>Evaporation Rate</b>	No data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable
<b>Flash Point</b>	> 116 °C (> 241 °F) [estimated]
<b>Autoignition Temperature</b>	No data available
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No data available
<b>Lower Explosive Limit (LEL)</b>	No data available
<b>Upper Explosive Limit (UEL)</b>	No data available
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	No data available
<b>Vapor Density</b>	No data available
<b>Density</b>	0.869 g/ml (7.09 lb/gal)
<b>Viscosity</b>	No data available
<b>Solubility in Water</b>	Negligible
<b>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	$\log P_{ow} = > 4$
<b>Oxidizing Properties</b>	Not applicable
<b>Explosive Properties</b>	Not applicable
<b>VOC Content</b>	CARB compliant

### 9.2 Other Data

No data available

## SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is stable under normal handling conditions and use.

### 10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. Keep from freezing.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Temperature extremes, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products include oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons, hydrocarbon fragments, toxic fumes and gases.

## SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute oral toxicity

No data available

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC<sub>50</sub>, rat: > 5.2 mg/l, 4 h [estimated]

**Acute dermal toxicity**

No data available

**Skin irritation**

May cause skin irritation.

**Eye irritation**

May cause eye irritation.

**Sensitization**

No data available

**Carcinogenicity**

No data available

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available

**Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

**Specific organ toxicity - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

**Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

No data available

**Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.

**11.2 Further information**

This product contains no substances present at levels greater than or equal to the 0.1% threshold (de minimis) that are identified as a probable, possible, potential or confirmed carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, NTP or OSHA. No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product, nor is there any available data that indicates that it causes adverse developmental or fertility effects.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****12.1 Toxicity**

This product is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. The discharge of small or large quantities of this product to the environment should be avoided. Spills should be reported to the proper regulatory agencies.

Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products. Petroleum-based (mineral) oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

This product is expected to biodegrade over time.

**12.3 Bioaccumulation potential**

Petroleum distillates and mineral oils have the potential to bioaccumulate.

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

No data available

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

No data available

**12.6 Other effects****Additional ecological information**

Do not allow material to enter surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Methods of disposal:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

## SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

USA DOT (Ground Transportation)	NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT
IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)	NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT
ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)	NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT
RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)	NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT

## SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

#### U. S. Federal Regulations

**OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:** This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**OSHA Process Safety Management Standard:** This product is not regulated under OSHA PSM Standard 29 CFR 1910.119.

**EPA Risk Management Planning Standard:** This product is not regulated under EPA RMP Standard (RMP) 40 CFR Part 68.

**EPA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act:** This product is not a registered Pesticide under the FIFRA, 40 CFR Part 150.

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:** All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number**  
No listings

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number:** No listings

**Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals:** No listings

#### **Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)**

**SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways    Harmful if inhaled

**SARA 313 Information:** This material does not contain any substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

**SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance:** None of the components of this material are subject to the reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

**SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification:** None of the components of this material are subject to the reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

**Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA):** No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels for hazardous wastes established by CERCLA.

#### **Clean Air Act (CAA)**

This product does not contain Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 Ozone depleters.

This product does not contain Class 2 Ozone depleters

#### **Clean Water Act (CWA)**

This product does not contain Hazardous Substances.

This product does not contain Priority Pollutants.

This product does not contain Toxic Pollutants.

Petroleum distillates and mineral oils are classified as oil under Section 311 of the CWA and the Oil Pollution Act (OPA) of 1990.

#### U.S. State Regulations

##### **California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986**

This product contains no chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer birth defects or reproductive harm in concentrations that exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established under Proposition 65.

##### **Other U.S. State Inventories**

None of the components of this product are listed on any State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists.

#### Canada

**WHMIS Hazard Classification:** No data available

**Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI):** Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light is listed on the NPRI.

#### European Economic Community

**WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection):** 1 (slightly hazardous to water)

## Global Chemical Inventory Lists

Country	Inventory Name	Listed
Canada	Domestic Substance List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL)	No
Europe	Inventory of New and Existing Chemicals (EINECS)	Yes
United States	Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	Yes
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (KECI)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

\*Yes - All components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country.

No - One or more components of this product are not on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment was not carried out for this product.

## SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

### Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	C

C = safety glasses, gloves  
& apron

### HMIS Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

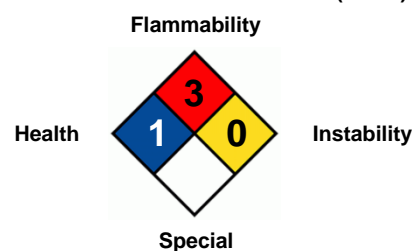
\* = Chronic Health Hazard

### NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = High 4 = Extreme

### National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



### Abbreviation Key

<b>ACGIH</b>	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	<b>LD<sub>Lo</sub></b>	Lowest Lethal Dose
<b>ADR</b>	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by road)	<b>mppcf</b>	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
<b>CAS</b>	Chemical Abstract Services	<b>NA</b>	North America
<b>CFR</b>	Code of Federal Regulations	<b>NAERG</b>	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
<b>COC</b>	Cleveland Open Cup	<b>NIOSH</b>	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
<b>DOT</b>	Department of Transportation	<b>NTP</b>	National Toxicology Program
<b>EC<sub>50</sub></b>	Half maximal effective concentration	<b>OSHA</b>	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
<b>EMS</b>	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	<b>PBT</b>	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
<b>EPA</b>	Environmental Protection Agency	<b>PEL</b>	Permissible exposure limit
<b>ErC<sub>50</sub></b>	Reduction of Growth Rate	<b>PMCC</b>	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
<b>ERG</b>	Emergency Response Guide Book	<b>ppm</b>	Parts Per Million
<b>FDA</b>	Food and Drug Administration	<b>RCRA</b>	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
<b>GHS</b>	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)	<b>RID</b>	Dangerous Goods by Rail
<b>HCS</b>	Hazard Communication Standard	<b>RQ</b>	Reportable Quantity
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer	<b>TCC/Tag</b>	Tagliabue Closed Cup
<b>IATA</b>	International Air Transport Association	<b>TLV</b>	Threshold Limit Value
<b>IC<sub>50</sub></b>	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	<b>TSCA</b>	Toxic Substance Control Act
<b>ICAO</b>	International Civil Aviation Organization	<b>TWA</b>	Time-weighted Average
<b>IDLH</b>	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	<b>UN</b>	United Nations
<b>IMDG</b>	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	<b>VOC</b>	Volatile Organic Compounds
<b>IMO</b>	International Maritime Organization	<b>vPvB</b>	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
<b>LC<sub>50</sub></b>	50% Lethal Concentration	<b>WHMIS</b>	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
<b>LD<sub>50</sub></b>	50% Lethal Dose		

### DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

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